

Children's Social Care Monthly Performance & Quality Assurance Report

Quarter 1 2018/19

Children and Young People Scrutiny

Key Performance Indicators

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

Where we are performing well

94.2% of contacts were completed within 24 working hours and 0.5% within 72 hours. The amount of contacts have increase by 290 when compared to Quarter 1 2017/18 which equates to an increase by 19.5% of contacts. This shows that, despite the increase in workloads, the children and young people still receive services quickly and the work flow through the system is efficient.

32 out of 34 children (94.1%) who had a Review Health Assessment due, was completed within the required month at the end of Quarter 1.

98% of Initial Child Protection Conferences (ICPC) were held within 15 working days from the Strategy meeting being held/Section 47 being initiated. This is significantly higher than regional (85.7%), national (77.2%) and our statistical neighbour (87.9%) averages.

100% Child Protection reviews have been completed within the required timescales. This is higher than regional (95%), national (92%) and our statistical neighbour (95%).

100% those children involved with Child Protection and Looked After have an allocated Social Worker.

100% of Looked After reviews were completed within timescales in Quarter 1, this shows continuation of good work from 2017/18 which also saw 100% of reviews completed in timescale at year end.

93.2% of statutory visits of Looked After Children were completed in timescale within Quarter 1, which is better than the target of 90%, and is an improvement from the 2017/18 year end 92.6%.

The stability of Looked After Children placements has seen an improvement compared to Quarter 1 2017/18 with regards to 3 or more placement moves. At the end of this Quarter, 9.6% (22 children) of Looked After Children had 3 or more placement moved within the last 12 months, an improvement of 6.2% when compared to the end of Quarter 1 2017/18 which was 15.8%. This is in line with benchmark data for statistical neighbours (9.5%) and national average (10%).

100% of Return Home Interviews (RHI) were completed in Quarter 1 with 92.5% completed within 72 hours of the child being returned home after the missing episode.

In Quarter 1 the percentage of Care Leavers who were Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) was 27.5% (14 Care Leavers aged 19, 20 and 21 out of 51). This positively exceeds the target set at 33.0% and is a reduction of 4.7% of the 2017/18 year end figure. Focus continues to be maintained on decreasing the percentage of Care Leavers who are NEET.

Of the cohort who are in Education, Employment or Training (EET), 2 have started an apprenticeship and working towards NVQ's in their chosen area. School attendance for children in care remains strong at over 95%. There have been no permanent exclusions of Looked After Children.

Where we need to improve

Of the assessments completed in Quarter 1, 83.5% were completed within 45 working days. This is a reduction from the 2017/18 year end performance of 93.3% but this is still higher that the England average of 83%. There has been an increase in the complexity of cases and the number of large sibling groups being referred to Children's Social Care this Quarter, therefore managers have extended timescales for completion of assessments to reflect this. This is supported by the increase in the number of Strategy meetings, Section 47 enquiries and the number of children subject to a Child Protection Plan this Quarter when compared to Quarter 1 in 2017/18. There has also been a significant increase in Court work over Quarter 1 2018/19 which has resulted in additional work to meet Court deadlines and timescales.

The percentage of Looked After Children who have been in their current placement for 2 or more years at the end of Quarter 1 has improved when compared to Quarter 1 2017/18 which was 50.8% and is now 63.1%. However this has still not reached our target of 65%.

5.9% of Care Leavers in unsuitable accommodation.

19 out of 39 (48.7%) dental health checks have been completed at the end of Quarter 1. Progress against this indicator continues to undergo close scrutiny with a tracker in place to ensure robust oversight.

Contacts and Referrals

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

In Quarter 1 the number of contacts into the department was 1,485, when compared to Quarter 1 in 2017/2018, there has been an increase in contacts of 290, which equates to an increase of 19.5% against 2017/18. Considerable work has been done with partners and in particular the police to ensure contacts are more appropriate during this year.

Children's Access Point (CAP) receives all contacts, within Quarter 1 52.5% (1,287) of these received information and advice which is a consistent with Quarter 1 2017/18. The contact outcome of "refer to school attendance support" has increased to 284 (11.6%) compared to 191 (8.8%) in 2017/18. Going forward we will continue to monitor the number of contacts and subsequent outcomes, to assess the impact on the service. However, referrals have been consistent with 12.1% referred to Early Help for assistance, 12.2% referred for Social Care intervention and 11.7% related to already open Early Help workers.

In line with the increase in school attendance support contacts, contacts from education significantly increased, to 34.2% in June. Police continue to be the agency that contact us most frequently regarding young with 36.8% of all contacts in Quarter 1 which is consistent with Quarter 1 in 2017/18 at 35%. Health (including midwifery, GP, Hospital and Health Visitors) have referred 8.1% of the contacts into the department for Quarter 1, which is less than quarter 1 2017/18 at 12.4%. It is of particular note that Health Visitors make the least number of contacts. During 2018/2019 this will be explored further with our health visiting service to understand the low number of contacts.

The timeliness of decision making on contacts remains high with an average of 94.2% completed within 24 working hours at end of Quarter 1 and 0.5% within 72 hours, even with an increase in contacts of 19.5%. This ensures that that children and young people receive services quickly and the work flow through the system is efficient. Dip sampling and auditing activity continues to verify the effectiveness of the front door.

The conversion of contacts to referral is 124.3 per 10,000 for Quarter 1, if this continued at the same trajectory then the end of year figure would be 504.4 per 10,000 this figure is much more in line with statistical neighbours 519.7 per 10,000, yet below most recent national (548.2 per 10,000) and regional (599.6 per 10,000). The total number of referrals to Social Care during Quarter 1 was 284 which is comparable to last year, this will continue to be monitored through 2018/19 to ensure we remain within statistical neighbour range.

The timeliness of Quarter 1 referrals remains high with all but one month achieving 100% completion within 24 working hours and 0% within 72 hours. This ensures that that children and young people receive services quickly and the work flow through the system is efficient.

The age breakdown for referrals in Quarter 1 shows an increase in those cases been referred for children under 1, which is 14% compared to 8.3 % in Quarter 1 2017/18. Those cases are being reviewed to gain an understanding of why this increase has occurred and will be reported on in Quarter 2.

The rate of re-referrals continues to improve and is on target (20%) with performance at 20.2% as at end of Quarter 1. The continuing review and understanding of trends, has contributed to the improving rate of re-referrals. Re-referrals are in line with regional (20.1%) benchmarks, below national benchmarks (21.9%), yet still slightly above statistical benchmarking (18.5%).

CONTACTS	
	Contacts are received through the Children's Access Point (CAP) and are screened against an agreed multi-agency threshold criteria for Social Care. The total number of contacts received by CAP shows how busy CAP are within each month; the number of new contacts shows how many contacts are made on cases which are not currently open to Social Care (a contact can include multiple children); the total number of children in the month (each child can appear more than once) allows us to demonstrate outcomes, as each child may appear more than once they will have different outcomes and different sources, and the distinct number of children (each child is counted only once not matter how many contacts were received) allows us to look at the demography.

1,485 contacts were received during Quarter 1, This is an increase of 19.5% (290 contacts) when comparing with Quarter 1 2017/18 (1,195).

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

CSC 004 CSC 004i CSC 004k Number of children the contacts were Number of individual children Number of contacts regarding (a child can contacts were regarding received (monthly) be counted more than (monthly) once) (monthly) Apr-18 420 701 544 May-18 450 779 657 Jun-18 615 970 760 Jul-18 Aug-18 Sep-18 Oct-18 Nov-18 Dec-18 Jan-19 Feb-19 Mar-19 2015/16 ANNUAL TREND 2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 YTD 1485 2450 1961

CONTACT	S: TIMELINES	S		
DEF	INITION		acts completed within tively and efficiently w	1 working day and over 3 working days within the month. A higher rate of contacts completed within 1 day indicates that assessments are quick and cases ithout delay and drift.
	0.5% of contac	ts had taken more	than 3 working day	day, within Quarter 1. s to be completed, within Quarter 1. nowing that, even though there has been an increase in contacts, they are still above target for completions.
		CSC 006	CSC 009	CSC 006: % of contacts completed within 1 working day within the month
		% of contacts completed within 1 working day within the month	% of contacts completed over 3 working days within the month	100.0 90.0 80.0 70.0 60.0 % 50.0
	Target	95.0	5.0	40.0
	Apr-18	91.2	1.0	
Ю	May-18	92.4	0.7	
IAN	Jun-18	99.0	0.0	$20^{15} 20^{16} 12^{10} 11^{10} \qquad P^{0} N^{0^{1}} N^{0^{1}} N^{1} N^{1} N^{1} N^{16} Se^{0} O^{0^{1}} N^{0^{1}} De^{0^{1}} Se^{0^{1}} N^{0^{1}} $ $Actual \longrightarrow Target \qquad Last Year$
JRIV	Jul-18			20 ¹² 20 ¹⁰ 20 ¹¹ → Target → Last Year
ERFO	Aug-18 Sep-18			
E H	Oct-18			CSC 009: % of contacts completed over 3 working days within the month
N MONTH PERFORMANCE	Nov-18			10.0
Σ	Dec-18			8.0
	Jan-19			6.0 -
	Feb-19			4.0
	Mar-19			2.0
	2015/16	84.0	8.2	
nd	2016/17	96.6	1.4	
Annual Trend	2017/18	96.7	0.6	$20^{151/16}$ 20^{10} 10^{10}
	2018/19 YTD	94.2	0.5	$2^{2^{\prime}}$ $2^{2^{\prime}}$ $2^{2^{\prime}}$ Actual → Target — Last Year

REFERRALS	5				
DEF	INITION		ber of referrals t nd/or service ma		ocial Care and number of referrals started year to date. A contact will be progressed to a referral if it is considered that an
PERFORMANC E ANALYSIS	284 children's re	eferrals were s	tarted in Quarte	r 1 compared t	o 313 children's referrals in Quarter 1 2017/18.
		CSC 013	CSC 012	CSC 014	CSC 013: Monthly number of referrals STARTED.
		Monthly number of referrals STARTED.	Number of children's referrals STARTED year to date.	Rate of referrals per 10,000 population.	150.0 100.0 50.0 0.0 April May June July August September October November December January February March
	Target	(blank)	(blank)	(blank)	
	Apr-18	86	86	38.2	Actual Actual Last Year
ш	May-18	108	194	86.2	CSC 012: Number of children's referrals STARTED year to date.
NC	Jun-18	90	284	124.3	2000.0
SM/	Jul-18				1000.0 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
FO	Aug-18				0.0
PER	Sep-18				2015/16 2016/17 April Way June July Right Scotern. October Hovern. Decem. Burght Kestight Watch
H	Oct-18				
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Nov-18				Actual ——— Last Year
Z	Dec-18				
	Jan-19				CSC 014: Rate of referrals per 10,000 population.
	Feb-19				1000.0
	Mar-19				500.0 0.0 2012 ¹² 2013 ¹¹⁴ 2014 ¹⁵ 2016 ¹¹ Ro ¹¹ No ²¹ 1 ¹⁰ No ²¹ 1 ¹⁰ No ²¹ 1 ¹⁰ 2 ¹⁰ 1 ¹
	2015/16	1398	1398	615.9	and the set of the set
ANNUAI TREND	2016/17	1472	1472	650.6	Berlin haven's series where a series are and a series are and have haven been and haven's series and a series are and a series a
ANN	2017/18	1126	1126	497.6	Actual —— Last Year —— England —— North East —— Stat Neighbour
	2018/19 YTD	284	284	124.3	

REFERRALS	REFERRALS - TIMELINESS									
DEFI	NITION	-		pleted within 24 hours and over 72 hours. Referrals completed within 24 hours indicates that decisions regarding the services required are minimise drift and delay and to ensure that children are safe.						
PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS		referrals were completed within 24 hours. as improved compared to this time last year, with no referrals taking longer than 72 hours to complete.								
		CSC 022	CSC 026	CSC 022: Monthly % of referrals completed within 24 hours.						
		Monthly % of referrals completed within 24 hours.	Monthly % of referrals completed in over 72 hours.							
	Target	90.0	5.0	20.0						
	Apr-18	100.0	0.0							
В	May-18	100.0	0.0	5012/12 JOTO 113 Way me my trans the test of the test test that						
IAN	Jun-18	97.8	0.0	$2^{O^{*}}$ $2^{O^{*}}$ $2^{O^{*}}$						
JRN	Jul-18			Actual — Target — Last Year						
RFO	Aug-18			CSC 026: Monthly % of referrals completed in over 72 hours.						
E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	Sep-18 Oct-18									
NTN -	Nov-18			10.0						
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Dec-18			8.0						
Z	Jan-19			6.0						
	Feb-19			8 4.0						
	Mar-19									
	2015/16	85.2								
NNUAL	2016/17	88.0	4.8	0.0 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar						
ANNUAL TREND	2017/18	96.0	1.8							
_	2017/19	99.3	0.0	Actual — Target — Last Year						

REFERRAL	S - RE-REFERF	ALS			
DEFI	INITION	-		•	erral within 12 months of a previous referral. In indication that the previous referral was inappropriately closed down without addressing the initial concerns or
PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS	In Quarter 1,	Darlington's curre	ent rate of re-ref	errals within 1	action of 49% from the re-referrals during 2017/18 in Quarter 1, which was 98. 2 months of a previous referral (20.2) is slightly higher than the target of 20%, and is slightly higher than the most ut is below recent national benchmark (21.9%).
		CSC 034	CSC 032		CSC 034: Monthly number of re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months
		Monthly number of re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months	% re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months (cumulative)	% re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months (monthly)	400 300 200 100 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
	Target	(blank)	20.0		
	Apr-18	21	24.4	24.4	Actual —— Last Year
ш	May-18	15	18.6	13.9	CSC 032: % re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months (cumulative)
AN C	Jun-18	14	17.6	15.6	
RM)	Jul-18				× 10.0
FOI	Aug-18				0.0
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Sep-18				2013/12A 2014/12 2016/12 2017/128 APr May MU MU MR Seb Oct Moy Dec 1an Eep Mar
ΗĻ	Oct-18				Actual — Target — Last Year England — North East — Stat Neighbour
NON NO	Nov-18				
Ž	Dec-18				% re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months (monthly)
	Jan-19				30.0
	Feb-19 Mar-19				20.0 -
					× 10.0
NNUAL TREND	2014/15	0.55	16.5		0.0
TRI	2015/16	353	25.6		oro bly May mu my the teb Oct Moy Dec May Kep May
UAL	2016/17	314	21.4		
Z	2017/18	247	21.9		Actual
A	2018/19 YTD	50	20.2		

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

Missing

The total number of missing episodes in Quarter 1 is 137 involving 62 young people with no significant differences to the data from previous Quarters.

Most children (88%) have 3 or under missing episodes.

The missing episodes for the Darlington Looked After population is 38% (24 children), children on CiN plans 19% (12 children) and other local authorities' children placed in Darlington 21% (13 children). There were no children with a disability/learning need reported missing in this Quarter.

Significantly in Quarter 1, 25% (15 children) were not known to services when they were reported missing. Of these, the Return Home Interview's (RHI) had resulted in no further action for 7 of the children, the remaining were a referred to social care or early help. This clearly evidences that the RHI has given these young people a voice to explore their risk taking behaviour and appropriate referrals have been made for additional support.

There is a slight but not significant increase in the number of females (55%) who are reported missing.

In this Quarter the number of missing episodes which involved other authorities children placed in Darlington is 14%. This number remains low but has slightly increased and will be monitored by both the local authority, Barnardo's and the ERASE team, and if necessary will be explored with the placing authorities to review if placements are appropriate.

Missing from Home interviews have been completed in over 93% of the cases within 72 hours, 100% have been completed. Where the coordinator cannot engage the young person, they will then explore the issues with parents, carers, teachers or social workers.

Barnardo's completed an audit of the quality of the RHI and an action plan was agreed to provide the missing coordinator with some training to improve the quality of recording.

All RHI are shared with the ERASE team who analyse these to identify any themes /patterns in relation to associates, locations and known perpetrators.

All cases where children have regular missing episodes are discussed at the Missing and Exploited Group (MEG) and measures are explored to reduce missing episodes.

Early Help

The Early Help data collection for quality and impact remains a work in progress and is a key priority for 2018/19. The recording and reporting on Early Help Assessments is much more robust than previous years and is therefore not appropriate to compare numbers. The current outturn is 261 assessments being active during Quarter 1. The ongoing priority is to continue to develop key reportable data and the final development of the Early Help scorecard. This will allow much deeper analysis than merely reporting on numbers. The number of assessments by external agencies is 84 which is a 32% of the total number of assessments. There has been an increase in activity within the Early Help service, with a number of key developments taken place.

The Early Help Practise Standards have been launched with all staff, ensuring a consistent and robust mechanism of uniformity and expectations of working practise. Managers and Advanced Practitioners are aware of their roles in ensuring standards are adhered to and appropriately challenge areas where standards may drop. All staff have a copy of the standards and are expected to use them as a guide when working with children, families and partners.

The Early Help service now has in place, an observation of practise template which we have developed and is being utilised in a number of areas within the service. This includes 1-1 direct work, group work activity and Team Around the Family (TAF) meetings. This observation template is held on a central drive and has oversight from the Service Manager who will monitor and pick out both areas for improvement and also areas of good practise. Feedback is then shared with all staff during Development meetings alongside team meetings.

A Quality Assessment (QA) template has been developed using the social care model, but with some variance to ensure it fits with expected Early Help (EH) practise standards. Each manager and Advance Practitioner (AP) will complete 2 audits a month totalling 36 each Quarter. There will also be external QA completed by the EH Co-ordinator who will be expected to complete 3 per month. This work has begun and the Service Manager will report findings into the Assistant Directors performance clinic.

The Troubled Families (TF) agenda continues to be a high priority to ensure continuity post 2020. There is an action plan in place and a great emphasis on identification of families via a weekly audit clinic with staff. Cases are scrutinised to ensure identification is tracked. EH managers and AP's also attend the weekly YOS and ASB meetings to share knowledge of cases where there can be joint working.

EARLY HEL	P ASSESSME	NTS															
DEF	INITION	Number of individual	Early Help Assessmei	nts recorded ye	ar to date.												
Performance Analysis														of 23% were			
		CSC 001	CSC 002	CSC 001: Num	oer of indiv	idual Ear	ly Help ass	essments i	recorded y	ear to dat	e						
		Number of individual Early Help assessments recorded year to date	Number of individual Early Help assessments recorded per month	1000.0 900.0 800.0 700.0 600.0													
	Target	(blank)	(blank)	En 500.0													
	Apr-18	71	71	400.0						/							
щ	May-18	172	101	300.0					/								
N MONTH PERFORMANCE	Jun-18	261	89	200.0	100.0												
RMJ	Jul-18			0.0													
%FOI	Aug-18			0.0	2014/15201	15/162016,	/172017/18	A	pr May	Jun	Jul Au	g Sep	Oct Nov	Dec	Jan Feb	Mar	
PE	Sep-18								Ac	ual —	Last Year						
ΗĻ	Oct-18																
Q	Nov-18			CSC 002: Numl	per of indiv	idual Ear	ly Help ass	essments	recorded p	er month							
Z	Dec-18			150.0													
	Jan-19						\sim										
	Feb-19			E 100.0						~							
	Mar-19			ź 50.0	-	-	-		\sim								
g	2014/15	317	317														
Trend	2015/16	608	608	0.0	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	
	2016/17	871	871			,			Ū								
Annal	2017/18	877	877						Ac	tual	Last Yea	r					
	2018/19 YTD	261	261														

MISSING	EPISODES										
DEF	DEFINITION The number of episodes of children going missing in Darlington, including Looked After Children, Children Looked After by another authority and children who are not currently open to Social Care. The percentage of return home interviews completed within 72 hours.										
Performance Analysis	The total number of missing episodes in Quarter 1 is 137 involving 62 children. Most children (88%) have 3 or less missing episodes. Missing from Home Interviews have been completed in over 93% of the cases within 72 hours, 100% have been completed. Where the coordinator cannot engage the young person she explores the issues with parents, carers, teachers or social workers.										
		Number of Missing Episodes (children)	Number of missing episodes relating to Children Looked After by Darlington Borough Council (children)		Number of missing episodes relating to other children open to Children's' Services (children)	Number of missing episodes relating to other children open to Early Help (children)	Missing Episodes for Children of Other Authorities (children)	Missing Episodes for Children Not Currently Open to Social Care (children)	% of Return Home interviews completed within 72 hours (excluding CLA OLA)	Missing episodes where a Return Home interview was completed	% Action Plans Completed (cumulative for Quarter)
	Apr-18	51 (28)	27 (9)	9 (<5)	5 (<5)	<5 (<5)	8 (6)	10 (9)	93.0%	100%	
	May-18	37(18)	23(10)	<5 (<5)	7 (<5)	<5 (<5)	<5 (<5)	<5 (<5)	93.9%	100%	
Ę	Jun-18	49 (33)	25 (12)	11 (5)	9 (6)	<5 (<5)	8 (8)	<5 (<5)	92.5%	100%	
NAN	Jul-18										
ORI	Aug-18										
ERF	Sep-18										
d H.	Oct-18										
ONTH	Nov-18										
Σ	Dec-18										
Z	Jan-19 Feb-19										
	Mar-19										
	2014/15		I		I						
Trend	2014/15										
Ě	2013/10										
nua	2010/17										
An	2018/19 YTD	137 (62)	75 (21)						93.1%	100.0	

Assessments

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

As previously detailed, a high percentage of referrals led to an assessment to determine needs and risks, desired outcomes and support required.

During Quarter 1, 315 assessments were completed across all Social Work teams apart from the Looked After Through Care team:

- Children's First Response team 244 (77.5%)
- Assessment and Safeguarding teams 62 (19.7%)
- Life Stages 0 25 team 9 (2.8%)

Of the assessments completed in Quarter 1, 83.5% were completed within 45 working days. This is a slight reduction from the 2017/18 year end performance of 93.3%. The following rationale is provided to explain why this has happened:

- The vast majority of assessments that have not been completed within timescale were only over 45 working days by 1 to 2 days. In addition, a number of these could not be completed due to information awaited from other Local Authorities which was critical to informing the assessment
- There has been an increase in the complexity of cases and the number of large sibling groups being referred to Children's Social Care this Quarter. This is supported by the increase in the number of Strategy meetings, Section 47 enquiries and the number of children subject to a Child Protection Plan this Quarter when compared to Quarter 1 in 2017/18.
- There has been a significant increase in Court work over Quarter 1 2018/19. Social Workers have been required to prioritise paperwork for Court to ensure timescales for lodging applications are met to prevent drift and delay. The increase in care proceedings has also meant very short timescales for Social Workers to lodge assessments, evidence and care plans which all have deadlines that cannot be missed.
- There has been a staffing challenge this Quarter as the region had previously introduced a capped rate for all new agency Social Workers appointed. This capped rate was being enforced in July for all those agency social workers already in employment who were being paid more than the new capped rate. The introduction of this cap has resulted in a number of agency Social Workers, who were backfilling maternity leave and sick leave, to move onto other assignments for a higher rate than the capped rate. It has also meant that the pool of agency Social Workers available for appointment has significantly reduced leaving a number of posts not backfilled. This staffing challenge has coincided with the increase in complex cases and court work and has inevitably had an impact on assessment timeliness.

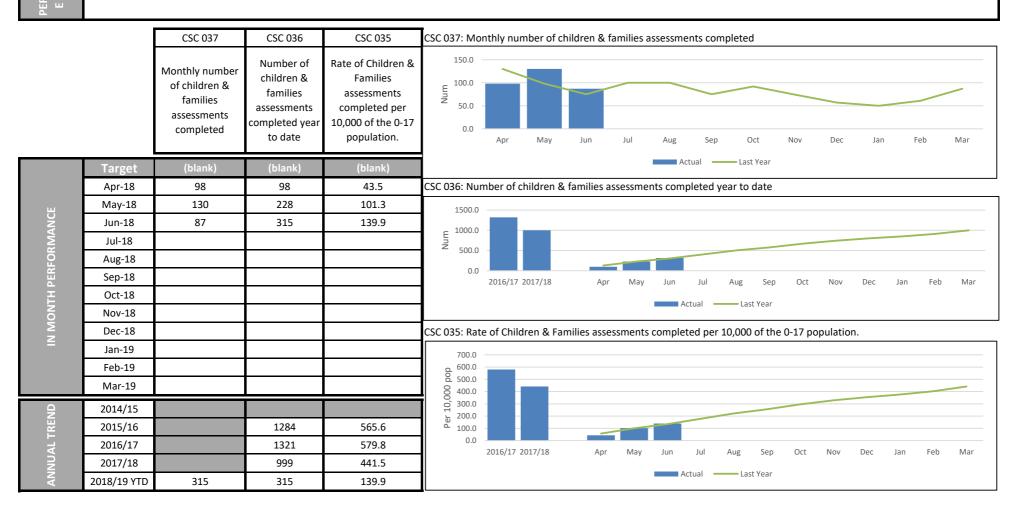
ASSESSMENTS

DEFINITION

Monthly and cumulative number of assessments completed.

For Quarter 1, 315 Assessments have been completed.

Darlington's current rate of assessments completed is 139.9 per 10,000 population.



ERFORMAN E ANALYSIS

ASSESSMENTS - TIMELINESS

Of those assessments completed in a period, the percentage completed within 45 working days. Day zero is the first working day on or after the start date of the referral, or strategy discussion decided to initiate S47 enquiries, or where new information indicates that an assessment should be undertaken. End date is the first working day on or after the recorded date the Team Manager closes the single assessment.

DEFINITIO

A process indicator as a proxy measure for improved child safety and how quickly services can respond when a child is thought to be at risk of serious harm. Local authorities should investigate and address concerns in a timely and efficient way.

EORMANC ANALYSIS

CSC 038 CSC 040 CSC 060 CSC 080 CSC 100 % C&F Assessments completed Monthly % C&F Assessments Monthly % C&F Assessments Monthly % C&F Assessments Monthly % C&F Assessments within 45 working days (Year to completed within 45 working completed within 25 working completed within 15 working completed within 10 working date) days days days days Apr-18 89.3 89.3 30.6 20.4 13.5 May-18 85.1 84.6 39.2 26.2 19.2 Jun-18 83.5 79.3 43.7 27.6 18.4 Jul-18 Aug-18 Sep-18 Oct-18 Nov-18 Dec-18 Jan-19 Feb-19 Mar-19 2015/16 77.0 77.0 43.0 27.0 21.0 2016/17 93.0 58.0 40.0 93.0 33.0 2017/18 93.3 93.6 2018/19 YTD 83.5 84.4 37.8 24.7 17.0

83.5% of Assessments were completed within 45 working days for Quarter 1 compared to 95.4% for Quarter 1 2017/18.

When compared to benchmarking assessment, timeliness is below statistical neighbours at 86%, but in line with regional 83% and national 83% figures.

Child Protection

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

In Quarter 1 there were a total of 161 strategy discussions that have been held. This is almost double the number of strategy discussions when compared to this period in 2017/18 which was 86.

On average, 54 strategy discussions were held each month in Quarter 1 and involved all Social Work teams apart from the Life Stages team. This is double the average number when compared to Quarter 1 for 2017/18 of 27.

Children's Access Point (CAP) and the Children's First Response Team (FRT) held 64.6% of the strategy discussions in Quarter 1, the Assessment and Safeguarding teams held 34.2%, and the Looked After Through Care Team held 1.2%.

The number of section 47 enquiries started in Quarter 1 was 150. This is again double the number for Quarter 1 in 2017/18 (76). The outcome of Section 47 enquiries that have been started during Quarter 1 is summarised as follows:

- Continue to single assessment (56.7%)
- Continue to Initial Child Protection Conference (40%)
- No current outcome (2.7%)
- Became Looked After (0.7%)

98% of Initial Child Protection Conferences (ICPC) were held within 15 working days from the Strategy meeting being held/Section 47 being initiated. The remaining 2% relates to 1 case in May that did not meet the timescale. However, performance is still higher than benchmarks:

- North East average 85.7%
- Statistical Neighbour average 87.94%
- England average 77.2%

At the end of Quarter 1, 34 ICPC's had been held, this figure includes transfer-in Conferences. This is higher than Quarter 1 in 2017/18 as the figure at that point was 21.

At the end of Quarter 1, there were 112 children who were the subject of a Child Protection plan compared to only 75 in Quarter 1 the previous year. This equates to a rate of 49.7 per 10,000 of the 0 - 17 population. This brings the figure more in line with benchmarks.

There are no children who have been subject to a Child Protection Plan for longer than 2 years which is a positive. This compares favourably with benchmarks from 2016/17 as the North East average is 3.8%, the Statistical Neighbour average is 3.84% and the England average is 3.4%.

At the end of Quarter 1, the figure for children becoming subject to a Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time within 2 years of the previous plan ending was 5.1%. This is lower than the previous year end of 6.5%. All children who fall into this category have their cases analysed by a Head of Service to determine if the Local Authority ended the previous plan in a satisfactory manner, and also to determine whether the presenting issues are similar or different when episodes are compared. A number of the children that are in this cohort have now had their cases escalated into the Letter Before Proceedings (LBP) process, and there are a number where care proceedings have been issued.

All Child Protection cases were allocated to a qualified Social Worker throughout the reporting year. Also, all Child Protection plans were reviewed within timescales throughout the reporting year.

At the end of Quarter 1, 86% (704 out of 819) of statutory Child Protection visits had been undertaken within the internally set visiting frequency of 10 working days. This is an improvement on the previous year of 85.6%. However, it should be noted that in a number of other Local Authorities internally set visiting frequencies for children subject to a Child Protection Plan is 15 working days. If this measure was applied for Quarter 1, this would show that 97% (793 out of 819) visits were undertaken within 15 working days. This is broken down further as follows:

- 4.5% visits were undertaken within 11 working days
- 2% visits were undertaken within 12 working days
- 2% visits were undertaken within 13 working days
- 2% visits were undertaken within 14 working days
- 1% were undertaken within 15 working days.

All statutory visits that are not undertaken within timescales are analysed by the Head of Assessment, Care Planning and LATC and a rationale provided by the relevant Team Manager. However, there are a number (3%) where despite numerous attempts to see the children in the home, visits have been unsuccessful and have exceeded timescales. These cases inevitably result in a legal meeting to determine next steps due to non-engagement. This level of scrutiny will continue to be provided by the Head of Service.

2018/19 has seen an addition to the performance report of care proceedings. Headline data will be provided each month but more detailed information will be provided at the end of each Quarter. Future reporting will also include the number of section 7 and 37 reports that have been requested by the Courts to ensure the whole picture is visible. All matters are referred to as cases and figures provided reflect the number of cases rather than the number of children. For example, one matter may refer to a sibling group of 6 children.

At the end of Quarter 1:

- There were 11 live Public Law Outline (PLO) cases
- 17 sets of care proceedings had been issued. These refer to public law proceedings and not discharges of Care Orders, Placement Orders or adoption
- There were 28 sets of live care proceedings ongoing
- 13 cases were being prepared for care proceedings to be issued. These refer to public law proceedings and not discharges of Care Orders, Placement Orders or adoption
- Live discharge of Care Order cases before the Court
- Live adoption cases before the Court
- There were 8 cases that were being prepared for care proceedings to be issued to discharge Care Orders
- Cases that were being prepared for care proceedings to request Adoption Orders
- CaseS that was being prepared for care proceedings to request a Placement Order
- There were 6 cases being prepared to issue care proceedings regarding inherent jurisdiction

For all cases that are being prepared for issuing care proceedings, the Social Worker has to collate a full Court chronology, a Social Work evidence report, and an initial Court Care Plan. Throughout the care proceedings, further reports and assessments are required from the Social Worker. Towards the end of the proceedings, a final evidence report, updated chronology and final Court Care Plan are also required. Each child needs to have an individual Care Plan as they cannot be consolidated.

At the end of Quarter 1, the average length of public law proceedings was 22 weeks. This performance is good as the timescale set for completion of care proceedings is 26 weeks.

STRATEG	Ϋ́										
DE	FINITION	The number of strateg	y discussions started v	within the month and	cumulatively throughout the year.						
161 strategy discussions were started during Quarter 1 compared to 86 during Quarter 1 2017/18 giving a 46.6% increase.											
		CSC 163	CSC 162	CSC 161	CSC 163: Monthly number of strategy discussions started (where the child was not already subject to a CPP)						
		Monthly number of strategy discussions started (where the child was not already subject to a CPP)	aiready subject to a CPP)	Rate of strategy discussions per 10,000 of the 0-17 population (where the child was not already subject to a <u>CPP</u>)	800.0 600.0 200.0 0.0 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar						
	Target	(blank)	(blank)	(blank)	Actual Last Year						
	Apr-18	45	45	20.0							
В	May-18	53	98	43.5	CSC 162: Total number of strategy discussions started (where the child was not already subject to a CPP)						
AN	Jun-18	63	161	71.5							
RN	Jul-18										
БO	Aug-18										
PEF	Sep-18				200.0						
ONTH PERFORMAN	Oct-18				2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar						
NO	Nov-18				Actual Last Year						
Σ	Dec-18										

322.9 363.9

267.4

229.8

71.5

Jan-19

Feb-19

Mar-19 2014/15

2015/16

2016/17

2017/18

2018/19 YTD

796

605

520

161

796

605

520

161

400.0 400.0 0.000 b 0.000 000 0.000 000 100.0 0 000 000 0.0 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Actual — Last Year

CSC 161: Rate of strategy discussions per 10,000 of the 0-17 population (where the child was not already subject to a CPP)

SECTION 47

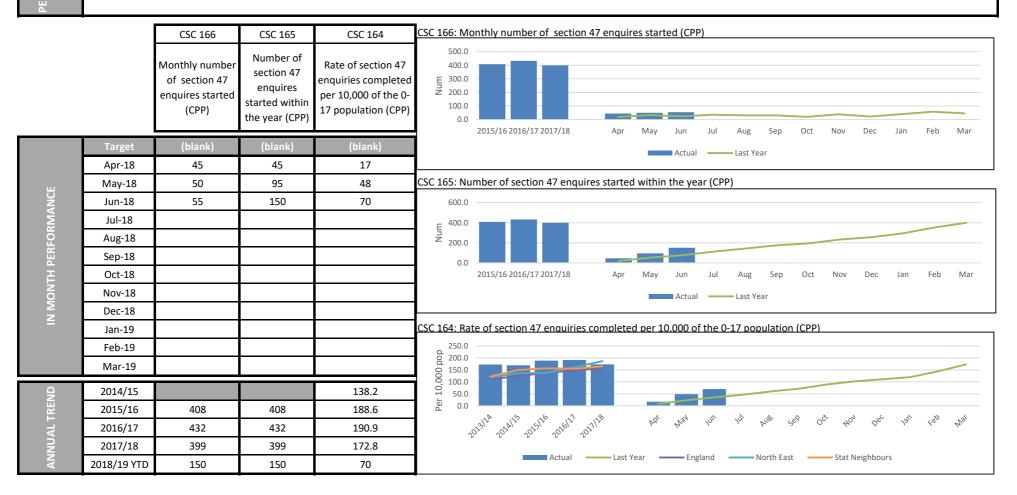
DEFINITION

Number of Section 47 enquiries started monthly and year to date.

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150 Section 47 enquires were started during Quarter 1 compared to 76 during Q1 2017/18.

The rate of Section 47 enquiries was 70 per 10,000 population, for Quarter 1.

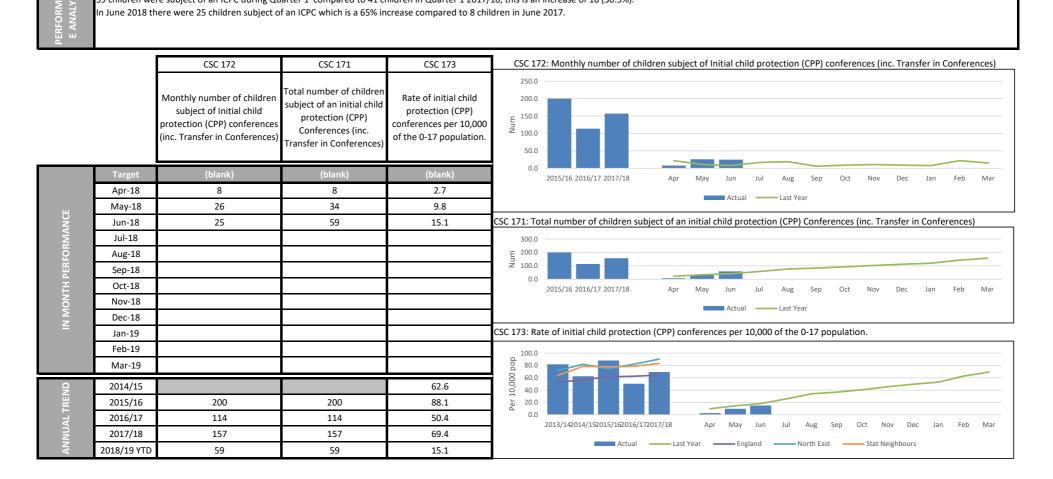


	NITIAL CHILD	PROTECTION	CONFERENCES -	CHILDREN
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Number of children subject to an Initial Child Protection Conference monthly and year to date (including transfer in conferences).

59 children were subject of an ICPC during Quarter 1 compared to 41 children in Quarter 1 2017/18, this is an increase of 18 (30.5%).

In June 2018 there were 25 children subject of an ICPC which is a 65% increase compared to 8 children in June 2017.



INITIAL CHILD PROTECTION CONFERENCES - TIMELINESS

DEFINITI

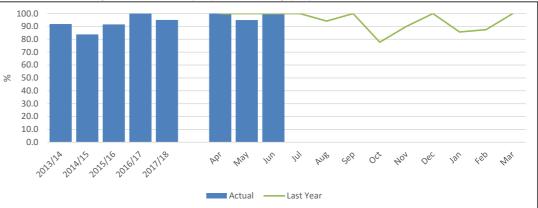
Of those ICPCs held within the period (excluding transfer ins), the percentage held within 15 working days of the S47 enquiry. Provides an indication of how quickly the safety of children who are judged to be continuing to, or likely to suffer significant harm is being considered by a multi-agency meeting.

98% ICPC conference took place within timescale in Quarter 1.

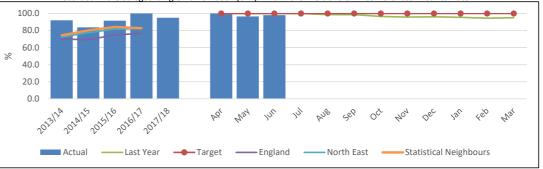
CSC 178	CSC 176	C
Monthly % of cases recorded in the Safeguarding Unit workbook where Child Protection strategy meeting / S47 start to initial child protection conference (ICPC) are within 15 days (CPP). Excludes transfer-in conferences.	% of cases where the initial child protection conference (ICPC) was within 15 days of the initiating strategy discussion / S47 start recorded in the Safeguarding Unit workbook (CPP). This EXCLUDES transfer-in conferences. Year to Date	

	Target	(blank)	100.0	
	Apr-18	100.0	100.0	
ш	May-18	95.0	96.4	
NC	Jun-18	100.0	98.0	
MA	Jul-18			
FOR	Aug-18			
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Sep-18			
E	Oct-18			
NO	Nov-18			
Σ	Dec-18			
=	Jan-19			
	Feb-19			
	Mar-19			
٩D	2014/15	83.8	83.8	
.KEI	2015/16	91.5	91.5	
ALT	2016/17	100.0	100.0	
ANNUAL TREND	2017/18	95.0	95.0	
AN	2018/19 YTD	98.0	98.0	

CSC 178: Monthly % of cases recorded in the Safeguarding Unit workbook where Child Protection strategy meeting / S47 start to initial child protection conference (ICPC) are within 15 days (CPP). Excludes transfer-in conferences.



CSC 176: % of cases where the initial child protection conference (ICPC) was within 15 days of the initiating strategy discussion / S47 start recorded in the Safeguarding Unit workbook (CPP). This EXCLUDES transfer-in conferences. Year to Date



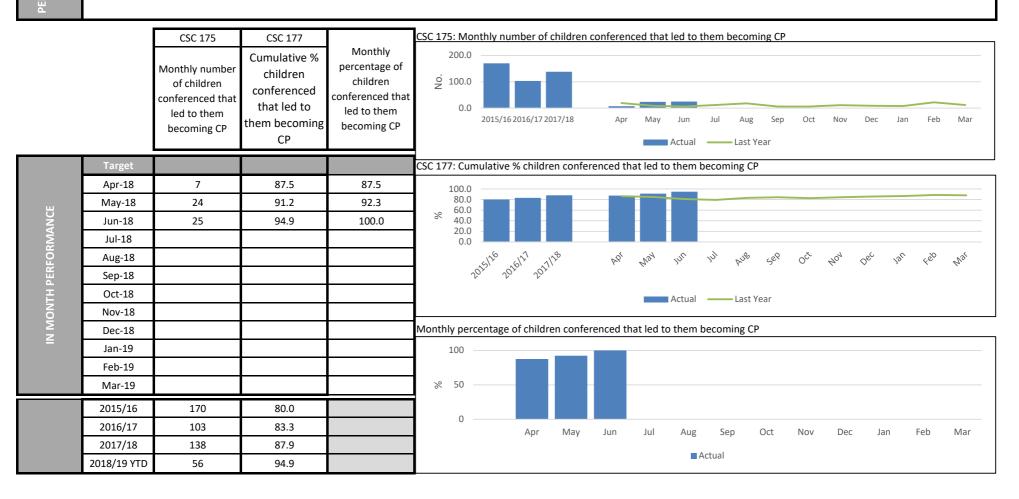
NITIAL CHILD PROTECTION CONFERENCES - CONVERSION TO CHILD PROTECTION PLAN

DEFINITION

Number and percentage of children becoming subject to a Child Protection Plan following an Initial Child Protection Conference (including transfer ins).

ERFORMANCI ANALYSIS

In Quarter 1 2018/19, 56 children have become subject to a Child Protection Plan after an ICPC, this is 60.7% (34) higher compared to Quarter 1 2017/18. This equates to 94.9% of all children conferenced that led to them becoming CP compared to 81% for the same time last year.



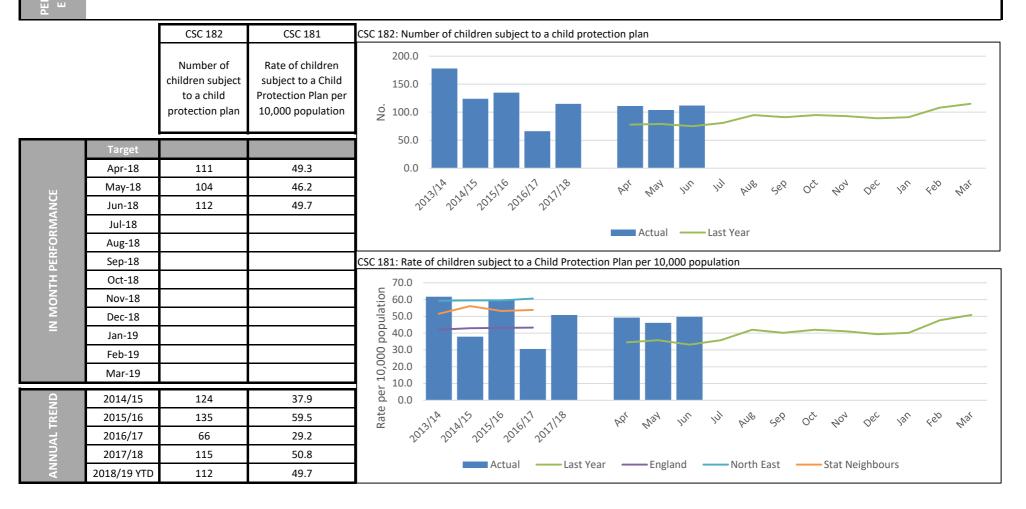
CHILD PROTECTION

DEFINITION

Number of children subject to a Child Protection Plan at the end of the month.

PERFORMANC E ANALYSIS

112 children were subject to a Child Protection Plan compared to 75 children in Quarter 1 2017/18, an increase of 33%.



CHILD PRC	DTECTION -	ALLOCATION & REVIE	WS	
DEFIN	NITION	within the required times Reviews are a key elemen effectiveness of the interv	cales. It in delivering Child Protection ventions provided to children so	Plan at the end of the month and who at that date had had a Plan continuously for at least the previous 3 months, whose case was reviewed Plans and effective reviews should ensure the provision of good quality interventions. This indicator is a proxy for the measurement of ubject to a Child Protection Plan. "Working Together to Safeguard Children" guidance requires that the first review should be within 3 ereafter at intervals of no more than 6 months.
tFORMANCE ANALYSIS		d Protection Cases were all	ocated to a qualified social wo	
PERF			· · ·	
		CSC 183	CSC 191	CSC 183: % Child Protection cases allocated to a qualified social worker
		% Child Protection cases allocated to a qualified social worker	% of Children who were subject of a child protection plan whose case was reviewed within the required timescales.	100.0 80.0 60.0 40.0
	Target	100.0	100.0	20.0
	Apr-18	100.0	100.0	0.0
	May-18	100.0	100.0	2015/16 2017/18 por way jur jur jur pue seo oc way bec jar feo way
NCB	Jun-18	100.0	100.0	201 201 201
MA	Jul-18			Actual —— Last Year —— Target
FOR	Aug-18			
MONTH PERFORMANCE	Sep-18			CSC 191: % of Children who were subject of a child protection plan whose case was reviewed within the required timescales.
E	Oct-18			
NO	Nov-18			
Z Z	Dec-18			80.0
	Jan-19			60.0

2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18

the they the try the case of the dec the tes they

Actual —— Last Year —— Target

40.0

20.0

0.0

%

90.3

91.2

100.0

100.0

100.0

Feb-19

Mar-19

2014/15

2015/16

2016/17

2017/18

2018/19 YTD

100.0

100.0

100.0

100.0

CHILD PRO	TECTION - T	IME PERIODS			
055		Percentage of children c subsequent time.	easing to be subject to a	Child Protection Plan w	ho had been subject to a Plan for 2 or more years and percentage of children becoming subject to a Child Protection Plan for the 2nd or
DEF	NITION		1 81 1	•	d be working towards specified outcomes which, if implemented effectively, should lead to all children not needing to be the subject of a ect of a Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time.
PERFORMANC E ANALYSIS		-			ared to 2.9% of children in Quarter 1 2017/18. 5 of children in Quarter 1 2017/18.
		CSC 186	CSC 188	CSC 189	CSC 186: % children ceasing to be subject of a CPP who had been subject to a CPP for 2 or more years (Cumulative)
		% children ceasing to be subject of a CPP who had been subject to a CPP for 2 or more years (Cumulative)	% of children becoming subject to a CPP for a 2nd or subsequent time within 2 years of a previous plan ending in the month (Cumulative)	% of children becoming subject to a CPP for a 2nd or subsequent time ever (Cumulative)	$\begin{array}{c} 8.0 \\ 6.0 \\ 8.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.0 \\$
	Target	5.0			2012 2010 2011
	Apr-18	0.0	0.0	0.9	Actual — Target — Last Year
	May-18	7.1	3.2	18.3	
NCE	Jun-18	5.1	12.5	23.2	CSC 188: % of children becoming subject to a CPP for a 2nd or subsequent time within 2 years of a previous plan ending in the month (Cumulat
MONTH PERFORMANCE	Jul-18				20.0
FOF	Aug-18				% 10.0
PER	Sep-18				
HLN	Oct-18				2021, 2021, 2021, but they they the the case of they bee the they they
	Nov-18				Actual —— Last Year
Z	Dec-18				
	Jan-19 Feb-19				CSC 189: % of children becoming subject to a CPP for a 2nd or subsequent time ever (Cumulative)
	Mar-19				30.0
	10101-13				8 20.0 10.0
Q	2014/15	0.6	2.4		0.0
TREND	2015/16	3.3	6.0	14.0	50,21,10 20,11,10 40, 110, 11, 11, 11, 10, 260, 04, 40, Dec 12, 650, 110,
٩L	2016/17	0.0	1.9	10.6	20× 20× 20×
ANNU	2017/18	0.0	6.5	19.1	Actual —— Last Year
4	2018/19 YTD	5.1	12.5	23.2	

CHILD PROTECTION - STATUTORY VISITS

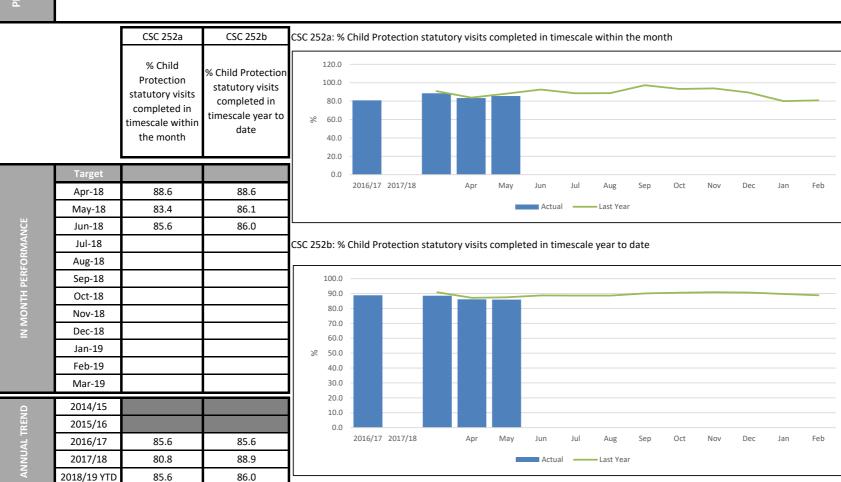
timescales in Quarter 1 2017/18.

DEFINITION

Percentage of children subject to a Child Protection Plan who had all statutory visits carried out within timescales (10 working days) and percentage of Child Protection statutory visits completed within timescale monthly and year to date.

In Quarter 1 2018/19, 704 of the 819 (86%) CP statutory visits were completed within the timescales, compared to 488 of 558 (87.5%) completed CP statutory visits within the

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS



Looked After Children

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

At the end of June, the number of Children in Care was 229 which is higher than previous year ends from 2017/18 to date.

A total of 28 children became looked after during Quarter 1. There were 13 children who were ceased to be looked after in Quarter 1. This demonstrates that in Quarter 1 more children entered care than left care.

100% of Children in Care had an allocated Social Worker. This means the target for this performance has been met.

100% of Children in Care had a Looked After Review completed within timescales. This means the target for this performance has been met.

All children who were subject to a Placement Order but had not yet been adopted have a plan in place to secure their permanence via adoption or a revocation of the Placement Order due to unsuccessful family finding.

In relation to children's participation in their Looked After Review:

- 29 reviews were held for children aged under 4
- 61 reviews had a child who attended and spoke for themselves
- 56 reviews were held where the child did not attend but their views had been sent
- 8 reviews were held where the child did not attend and did not send their views

At the end of Quarter 1, 93% of statutory visits to Children in Care had been carried out in timescale. This is a significant improvement on the 2016/17 year end performance of 86.9%, and is slightly higher than the 2017/18 year end performance of 92.6%. Although this performance is good, there continues to be a focus on analysing the reasons why visits were not carried out in timescales to determine if there are themes arising, and action taken to address these themes if they are apparent.

There continues to be a concerted effort to ensure placement stability improves for children. At the end of June, the percentage of children with 3 or more placement moves in the last 12 months positively reduced to 9.6% which is an improvement on the 2017/18 year end performance of 9.8%. This is in line with the target set of 10%. However, each month in Quarter 1 has seen a steady increase in this percentage as it had been 7.9% in April, and 8.8% in May. This means there has been an actual increase of less than 5 young people who moved into this cohort. It is predicted that performance will positively decrease in July.

The percentage of children who had been in their current placement for 2 years or more who had been in care for 2½ years or more was 63.1% at the end of Quarter 1. This is a reduction from the 2017/18 year end of 65.1%. This means the target of 65% that had been set has been missed.

The placement stability performance has been adversely affected by a number of placement disruptions. All efforts were made to wrap around the placements that disrupted but with little success.

The percentage of children placed 20 miles or more away from home has seen a slight increase to 12.2% at the end of June, when compared to the 2017/18 year-end performance of 12%. This is a concerning increase which will require rigorous monitoring going forward. The cohort represents 27 children and young people whose placements are as follows:

- Placed with a parent at home
- Children are placed with family members/friends (Connected Carers)
- Children are in foster placements
- Young people are in residential placements
- Young people over the age of 16 are in supported accommodation provision

At the end of June there were 100% of Initial Health Review forms returned to Health within 7 working days. Performance for this indicator across Quarter 1 is 100%.

At the end of June, there were 26% of Looked After Children with an up-to-date Review Health Assessment which is on target for Quarter 1. This represents 32 out of 34 children (94.1%) who had a Review Health Assessment due that were completed within the required month at the end of Quarter 1. Progress against this indicator continues to undergo close scrutiny with a tracker in place to ensure robust oversight.

At the end of June, there were 12% of children with an up-to-date dental check in the past 12 months. This represents 19 out of 39 (48.7%) dental health checks that were completed at the end of Quarter 1. Progress against this indicator continues to undergo close scrutiny with a tracker in place to ensure robust oversight.

LOOKED AFTER

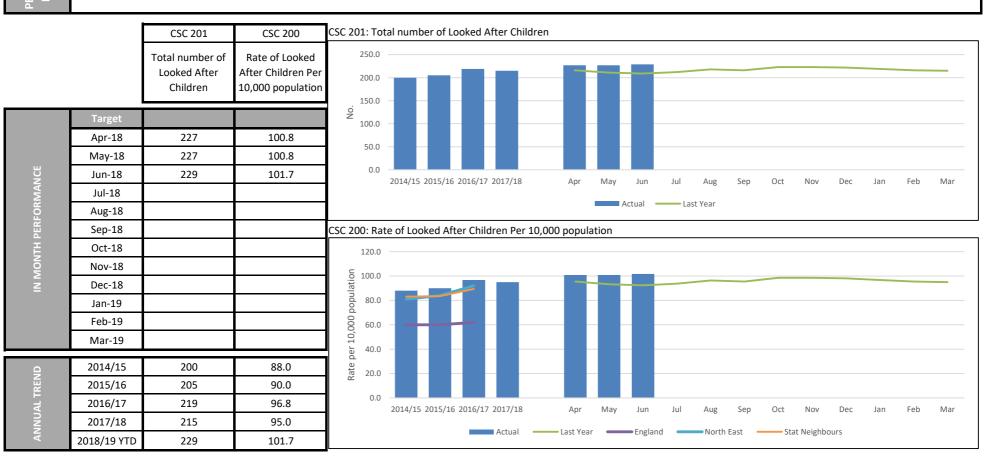
DEFINITION

Number of Looked After Children at the end of each month.

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229 Children were Looked After at the end of Quarter 1 compared to 209 at Quarter 1 2017/18.

The rate of Children Looked After is 101.7 per 10,000 population. This is a higher that the national rate (62 per 10,000), regional (92 per 10,000) and statistical (89.4 per 10,000) benchmarks.



LOOKED AFTER - ALLOCATION & REVIEWS

DEFINITION

The percentage of Looked After Children cases which should have been reviewed during the year ending 31 March that were reviewed on time during the year and the percentage of Looked After Children cases that were allocated to a qualified social worker at the end of the month.

To improve compliance with local authorities' legal requirements under the Review of Children's cases Regulations 1991. The purpose of the review is to consider the plan for the child's welfare, to monitor the progress of the plan and amend it as necessary in light of changed information and circumstances. The statutory intervals are within 20 working days of placement, then within 3 months and 6 monthly thereafter, but reviews may be rescheduled or held inside these intervals if there are significant changes to the child's care plan.

ERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

100% of Looked After Children were allocated to a qualified Social worker during Quarter 1.

100% of Looked After reviews had been completed within required timescales during Quarter 1.

		CSC 227	CSC 218	CSC 227: % Looked After Children allocated to a qualified Social Worker
		% Looked After Children allocated to a qualified Social Worker	% of Looked After Children whose reviews had been completed within required timescales	100.0 90.0 80.0 70.0 60.0 \$ 50.0
	Target	100.0	100.0	40.0
	Apr-18	100.0	100.0	30.0 - 20.
щ	May-18	100.0	100.0	10.0
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Jun-18	100.0	100.0	0.0 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
W N	Jul-18			Actual —— Last Year —— Target
ē	Aug-18			
PER	Sep-18			CSC 218: % of Looked After Children whose reviews had been completed within required timescales
E	Oct-18			
Q	Nov-18			90.0
≥ z	Dec-18			80.0 - 70.0 -
_	Jan-19			60.0 -
	Feb-19			8 50.0
	Mar-19			40.0 - 30.0 -
9	2014/15		92.3	20.0
REN	2015/16	98.1	93.1	10.0
NUAL TREND	2016/17	100.0	88.0	0.0 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
Î N N	2017/18	100.0	100.0	
AN	2018/19 YTD	100.0	100.0	Actual —— Last Year —— Target

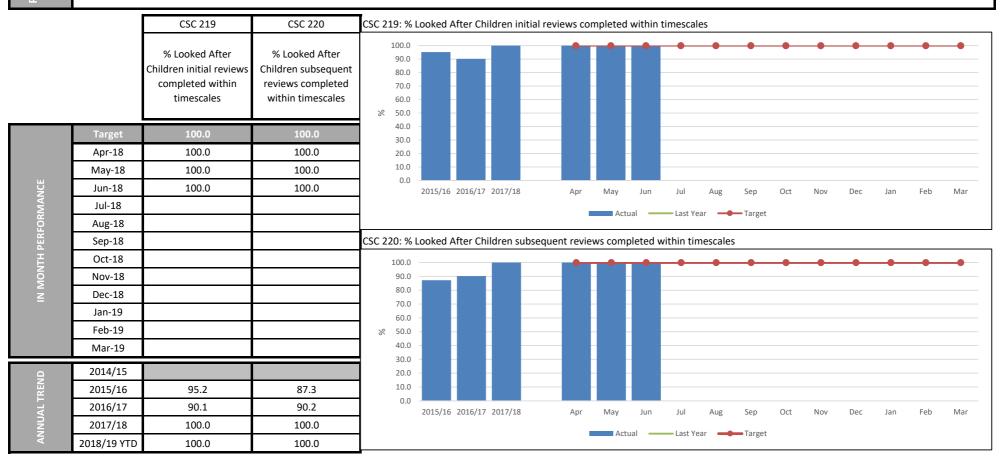
LOOKED AFTER - REVIEWS

DEFINITION

Percentage of the current Looked After Children who had had their initial reviews and all of their subsequent reviews completed within the required timescales.

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

100% of Looked After reviews had been completed within required timescales during Quarter 1.



LOOKED A	FTER - STATL	JTORY VISITS			
DEFI	NITION	-	ed After Children wh onth and year to date		y visits completed within required timescales and percentage of Looked After statutory visits completed within
PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS	93% of statuto	ry Looked After visits	were completed within	the required timeso	cales in Quarter 1 2018/19 which is consistent with Quarter 1 2017/18 at 93.4%.
		CSC 260	CSC 260a	CSC 260b	CSC 260: % LAC who had all statutory visits carried out within required timescales
		% LAC who had all statutory visits carried out within required timescales	% LAC statutory visits completed in timescale within the month	% LAC statutory visits completed in timescale year to date	8 50.0
	Target	90.0			2015/12 2016/11 2017/12 AVE
	Apr-18	84.2	89.5	89.5	$\gamma^{O^{Y}}$ $\gamma^{O^{Y}}$ $\gamma^{O^{Y}}$ Actual — Last Year — Target
	May-18	81.3	96.1	92.9	CSC 260a: % LAC statutory visits completed in timescale within the month
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Jun-18	79.4	93.2	93.0	100.0
MA	Jul-18				
FOR	Aug-18				% 50.0 -
PER	Sep-18				
HTN	Oct-18				2016/172017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
NOI	Nov-18				
Ē	Dec-18				Actual —— Last Year
	Jan-19				CSC 260b: % LAC statutory visits completed in timescale year to date
	Feb-19				100.0
	Mar-19				80.0
9	2014/15	65.9			60.0
ANNUAL TREND	2015/16	61.3			40.0 - 20.
ALT	2016/17	41.0	93.8	86.9	0.0
NN	2017/18	57.8	92.6	93.4	2016/172017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
Ā	2018/19 YTD	79.4	93.2	93.0	Actual ——— Last Year

LOOKED AF	TER - PLACE	MENTS			
DEFIN	NITION	current placement for 2 On the whole stability i placements to meet the	2 or more years. and who s associated with better e varied needs of differen	o were placed more than outcomes, placement ins nt children are essential i	hort-term placements), the percentage that had 3 or more separate placement in the previous 12 months; who had been in their 20 miles away from their home address. Stability has been highlighted as a key barrier to improving educational outcomes. Proper assessment and an adequate choice of f appropriate stable placement are to be made. Inappropriate placements often break down and lead to frequent moves. 3 or more separate placements during a year if they and others are to be kept safe.
RFORMAN ANALYSIS	10%. 63.1% of child neighbours is 3	ren have been in their cu 72% and nationally 68%.	irrent placement continu		s 12 months. This is in line with benchmark data for 2016/17 which was for statistical neighbours, 9.5% and national average, . This is an improvement of 12.3% from Quarter 1 2017/18 which was 50.8%. Benchmarking data for 2016/17 for statistical 8/19.
		CSC 228	CSC 229	CSC 230	CSC 228: % LAC with 3 or more placements moves during last 12 months
		% LAC with 3 or more placements moves during last 12 months	% LAC who have been in their current placement for 2 or more years	% LAC placed 20 miles or more away from home	20.0 15.0 8 10.0 5.0 0,0
	Target	10	65	10.00	the say the say the say the last the the the say the last last the

		during last 12 months	placement for 2 or more years	home	
	Target	10	65	10.00	Bralliz Stifting Stifting by way in in in the cas or tray one in tag way
	Apr-18	7.9	67.2	11.0	2011 2012 2010 2011
	May-18	8.8	65.6	11.9	Actual —— Last Year — Target
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Jun-18	9.6	63.1	12.2	CSC 229: % LAC who have been in their current placement for 2 or more years
MA	Jul-18				80.0
FOR	Aug-18				
PER	Sep-18				× 40.0
H	Oct-18				20.0
101	Nov-18				0.0
Z	Dec-18				on the one on the
	Jan-19				アデアアディングン Actual —— Last Year —— Target
	Feb-19				CSC 230: % LAC placed 20 miles or more away from home
	Mar-19				15.0
₽	2014/15	12.0	70.0	7.0	
TREND	2015/16	11.7	57.8	12.8	× 5.0
ALT	2016/17	14.1	52.4	7.8	0.0
ANNUAL	2017/18	9.8	65.1	12.0	2014 DISH 2011 Protocol Last Year Target
AP	2018/19 YTD	9.6	63.1	12.2	の P P P Actual

LOOKED A	FTER - INITIA	L HEALTH ASSI	ESSMENTS													
DEFI	INITION	Percentage of Init within 7 working		sments comple	eted within	20 work	king days c	of a child bec	oming Lo	oked After y	ear to date,	, and pe	rcentage of	IHA forms	eturned t	o Health
PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS	In Quarter 1 2	018/19, 100% of IF	IA forms have b	een returned t	o Health wit	thin 7 w	orking day	/s.								
		CSC 247		CSC 247: % ne	wly LAC wit	th a com	pleted Ini	tial Health A	ssessmen	t within 20 v	working day	'S				
		% newly LAC		90.00 -												
		with a	% IHA forms	80.00 -												
		completed Initial		70.00 -				_	_							
		Health	Health within 7 working days	60.00 -				_	_							
		Assessment within 20	7 WOLKING UAYS	50.00 - %	-			_								
		working days		40.00 -												
	4	working days	100.0	30.00 -												
	Apr-18		100.0	20.00 - 10.00 -												
	May-18	·	100.0	0.00 -												
E	Jun-18	N/A	100.0		2015/16		2016/17	2017/18			Qtr 1		Qtr 2	Qtr 3		Qtr 4
IAN	Jul-18									Actual						
JRN	Aug-18															
RFC	Sep-18			% IHA forms r	eturned to H	Health w	vithin 7 wo	orking days								
НЬ	Oct-18			100.0 -										_		
TNO	Nov-18			90.0 -												
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Dec-18			80.0 -											\checkmark	
Ξ	Jan-19			70.0 - 60.0 -							\mathbf{V}					
	Feb-19			× 50.0 -												
	Mar-19			40.0 -												
	2014/45			30.0 -												
DN	2014/15			20.0 - 10.0 -												
TRE	2015/16	58.0		0.0 -												
JAL	2016/17	54.0			Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
ANNUAL TREND	2017/18	82.0							A	ctual	Last Year					
Ā	2018/19 YTD		100.0													

	Of the children in care at 31 March who had been in care continuously for at least 12 months, the percentage who had had their teeth checked by a dentist during the previous 12 months, and the percentage who had had their teeth checked by a dentist during the previous 12 months.
DEFINITION	Looked After Children share many of the same health risks and problems as their peers, but often to a greater degree. These indicators track the partitcipation of our LAC in health and dental checks as a proxy for monitoring the general health and wellbeing of the children, as well as providing a check on the effectiveness of joint working with Health to secure good health outcomes for LAC.

ERFORMAN

Apr-18

May-18 Jun-18

Jul-18 Aug-18

Sep-18 Oct-18

Nov-18

Dec-18

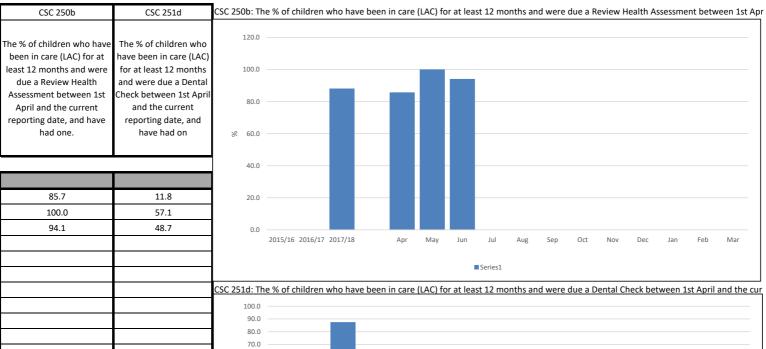
Jan-19

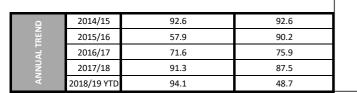
Feb-19

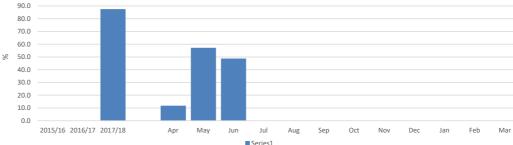
Mar-19

32 of 34 review health assessments due, were completed by the end of Quarter 1.

19 of 39 dental health check assessments due, were completed by the end of Quarter 1.







LOOKED A	AFTER - HEALT	H ASSESSMENT	S	
DEF	INITION	months, and the po Looked After Child	ercentage who had ren share many of t as a proxy for moni	o had been in care continuously for at least 12 months, the percentage who had had their teeth checked by a dentist during the previous 12 had an annual health check during the previous 12 months. The same health risks and problems as their peers, but often to a greater degree. These indicators track the partitcipation of our LAC in health coring the general health and wellbeing of the children, as well as providing a check on the effectiveness of joint working with Health to secure
PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS				up to date health check this is on target for Quarter 1. p to dental check this is 48% lower than target for Quarter 1.
		CSC 250	CSC 251	CSC 250: % LAC with up to date health checks
		% LAC with up to	% LAC with up to	100.0
		date health	date dental	
	-	checks	checks	80.0
	Target			60.0
	Apr-18	8.2	9.5	8
	May-18	18.1	10.6	40.0 -
NCE	Jun-18	25.8	12.0	20.0
MAI	Jul-18			
FOR	Aug-18			0.0 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Actual Last Year
PERI	Sep-18			Actual Last Year
E	Oct-18			CSC 251: % LAC with up to date dental checks
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Nov-18			100.0
Z	Dec-18			90.0
	Jan-19			80.0
	Feb-19			60.0
	Mar-19			8 50.0
	2014/15	92.6	92.6	40.0 - 30.0 -
END	2014/13	57.9	92.0	20.0
LTR	2013/18	71.6	90.2 75.9	10.0
ANNUAL TREND	2016/17	91.3	87.5	0.0 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
ANN	2017/18 2018/19 YTD	25.8	12.0	Actual — Last Year
	2010/19 HD	۷۵.۵	12.0	

Care Leavers

Quarter 1 Performance Summary

At the end of June, the percentage of Care Leavers in suitable accommodation was 94.1%.

At the end of June, the percentage of Care Leavers who were Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) was 27.5% (14 Care Leavers aged 19, 20 and 21 out of 51). This positively exceeds the target set at 33.0% and is a reduction of 4.7% of the 2017/18 year end figure.

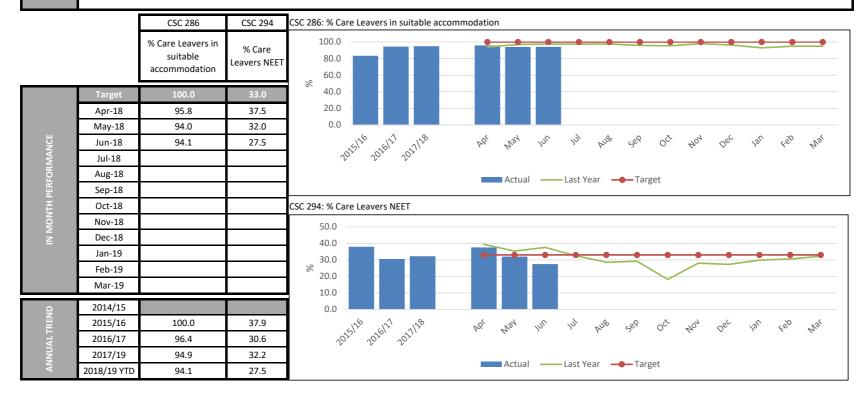
Of the 14 Care Leavers who are not in education, employment or training:

- 10 were NEET because of illness or disability or pregnancy
- 4 were NEET because of other circumstances
- •

Focus continues to be maintained on decreasing the percentage of Care Leavers who are NEET. There is a monthly NEET Reduction Group where each young person who falls in this cohort are discussed and plans developed in an effort to re-engage them in education, employment or training. There is also a NEET tracker that is maintained to support this performance.

In addition to the monthly NEET Reduction Group, a weekly Job Club has commenced in May 2018 in conjunction with the Morrison's Trust. The focus of the Job Club is to further engage the NEET population in an effort to re-engage them with education, employment or training.

E LEAVERS	
	The percentage of former care leavers who are eligible for care leavers support who are under the age of 21 who were in suitable accommodation at their most recent contact, and the percentage who were not in employment, education or training at their most recent contact.
DEFINITION	This measures accommodation and employment outcomes for young people formerly in care - a key group at risk of social exclusion. It is intended to increase the proportion of former care leavers who are in suitable accommodation and employment, education or training.
At the end of At the end of set at 33% and Of the 14 Care • 10 were NEE	Quarter 1, the percentage of Care Leavers in suitable accommodation was 94.1%.



AUDITS

DEFINITION Percentage of audits judged as Outstanding, Good, Requires Improvement, and Inadequate. Audits are undertaken to assess the quality of Social Work and to highlight areas for improvement.

In Quarter 1, 63.6% of audits carried out were judged as Meets Good and 36.4% Does not yet meet Good.

In June 2018 the new Learning Audit tool was piloted. Audits were undertaken by Team Managers and Independent Reviewing Officers and Audit ratings have been reformed from Outstanding, Good, Requires Improvement, Inadequate to Meets Good and Does not yet meet Good.

		Meets Good		Does not yet meet Good	
		Num	%	Num	%
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Target				
	Q4 2017/18	7/22	31.8%	15/22	68.2%
	Q1 2018/19	07/11	63.6%	04/11	36.4%
	Q2 2018/19				
	Q3 2017/18				
ANNUAL TREND	2017/18 YTD	46/115	40.0%	69/115	40.0%
	2018/19 YTD	07/11	63.6%	04/11	36.4%